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### CAPITAL MOBILISATION, PRESERVATION AND GROWTH – MANAGING RISK FOR MAXIMUM RETURNS

Innovative risk transfer/mitigation instruments and how these techniques are helping to mobilize capital in a low yield environment? While building resilience

July 2022

### Impact Pillars

### Pillar 1: De-risking development finance through local currency solutions

TCX core function is to de-risk development finance investors globally by absorbing and managing the currency risk of loans provided. This increases the riskresilience of the impact generated by these investments and their corresponding contribution to the SDGs.

### Pillar 2: Developing markets through risk reallocation

TCX redirects part of the currency risk it takes on its balance sheet to participants in international financial markets, contributing to market efficiency and transparency and the development of offshore local currency markets.

### Pillar 3: Increasing awareness through advocacy and thought leadership

TCX plays a crucial role in advocating for local currency finance by increasing awareness and understanding of currency risks. The local currency ecosystem expands through partnerships with international institutions and local parties in emerging and frontier markets countries.

### De-Risking Development Finance > Hedging Volumes (USD) classified by region, sector, etc. > 'Difficulty of Hedge' (internally developed score) on transaction-level

Market Development

- Hedging Volumes of TCX Market
  Creation and Short Outstanding Portfolio
  Size (USD)
- > Volume and number of offshore Local Currency Bonds (LCBs) structured and hedged

#### Thought Leadership

- > Number of Currencies currently in TCX's Portfolio
- Number of Forecasting and Policy Analysis System (FPAS, source: <u>OGR</u>) developed and active

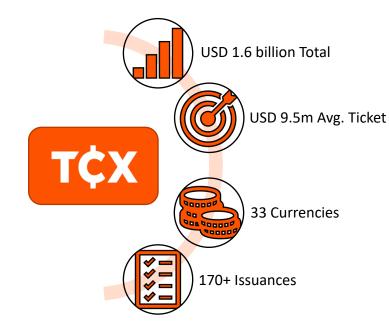
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## Pillar 1: Key figures



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## Pillar 2: TCX LCY Notes Program - Key Figures





WORLD BANK GROUP

FMO Entrepreneurial Development Bank

European Bank for Reconstruction and Development



European Investment Bank





UZS	KGS	LBP	HNL	GEL	XOF	AMD
TND	XOF	BOB	LKR	ММК	TJS	UAH
HTG	GTQ	CRC	RWF	PKR	PGK	AZN
TZ	zs Ci	DF D	ZD K	ES RSD VND		ND

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## Key takeaways

Innovative risk transfer/mitigation instruments and how these techniques are helping to mobilize capital in a low yield environment?



Still appetite for LCY Bonds in the markets despite USD rate rise and HCY issuances slowing down

Contributing to capital market development by raising investors' interest for more illiquid currencies (risk transfer) and building the (offshore) LCY curve( resilience)

# **ADVANTAGES**

New way (Investors group) to access more sustainable capital mobilization through (synthetic) local currency notes (FX risk) Currently limited ticket sizes

Maturities usually between 2/3 years

Valuation, accounting &liquidity

Still need to develop local capital markets in the long term If local markets aren't deep enough an option might be to buy some LCY issuances to avoid currency mismatch

Need for collaboration to build the ecosystem and make the link between offshore and onshore thus bringing new and sustainable mobilization resources

CONCLUSIONS







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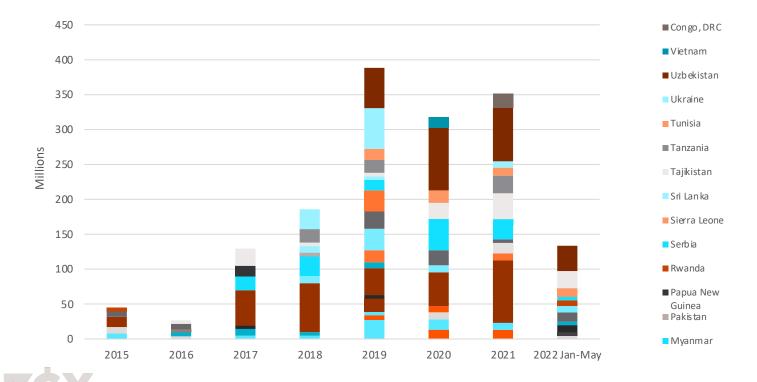


The Currency Exchange Fund N.V. ("TCX" or "the Fund") is an Alternative Investment Fund within the meaning of article 4:1 of the European Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive. It is based in Amsterdam, The Netherlands, and is open to Professional Investors only.

TCX's fund manager is TCX Investment Management Company B.V. ("TIM"), a company based in Amsterdam, The Netherlands, that is licensed as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager by the Financial Markets Authority of The Netherlands.

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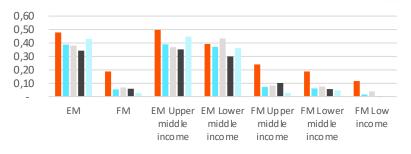
## TCX Program - Breakdown Year/Currency



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## Local Markets Development Supports Sustainable Growth

Country classification vs. Financial Development



- Financial Development Index
  Financial Markets Depth Index
  Financial Markets Efficiency Index
- Financial Markets Index
- Financial Markets Access Index

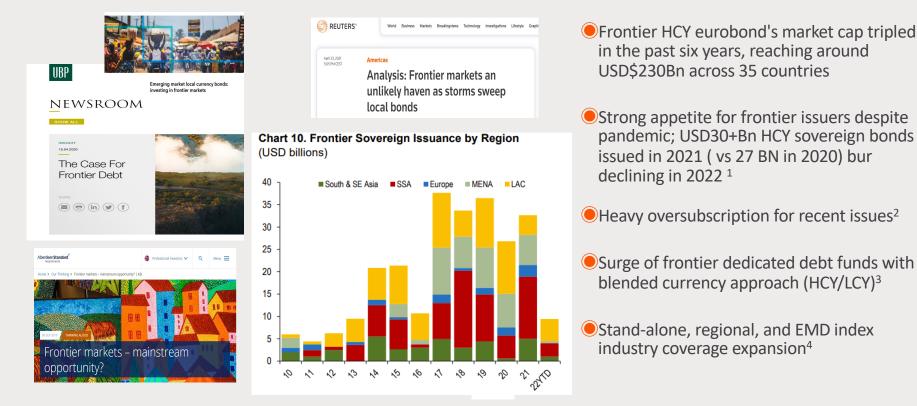
 Deeper local currency financial markets increase countries' ability to withstand volatile capital flows
 Reduces reliance on foreign borrowing and currency mismatch risks Contribute to reduce current account imbalances
 Allow for better balance sheet & reserve management
 Improve macroeconomic policy shock-response

Financial Markets Index (Depth + Access + Efficiency)

Less than 0.20 0.44 to 0.64 0.30 to 0.44 0.20 to 0.30 More than 0.64



## Does Frontier Debt still have Traction Among Investors?



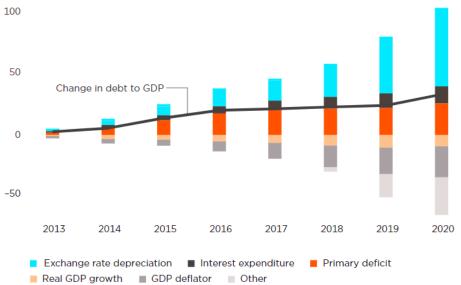
1. Sources: Reuters (Apr 2021), UBP (Apr 2020) Aberdeen (Nov 2020, Sep 2019), IMF EM and FM Markets issuance Monitor (Jun 2022) 2. Ghana (Mar 2021, 2x), Côte d'Ivoire (Nov 2020, 5x), Bahamas (Oct 2020 0.8x)



## Exchange rate depreciation has been the major driver of Africa's debt levels over the past years, causing a cumulative increase in debt of more than 50% between 2013-2020

### Decomposition of drivers of Africa's debt





Source: African Development Bank statistics and the IMF World Economic Outlook database

### **IDA during the IDA-19 replenishment:** (local currency finance in IDA countries, paper II)

"FX risk in the external public borrowings of many IDA countries represents one of the biggest financial risks, and the potential impact is intensified by weakening debt sustainability."

### IMF Regional Economic Outlook Sub-Saharan Africa 2022:

Governments will face three immediate challenges over the short run:

- 1. Addressing the economic impact of the war in Ukraine without adding to debt vulnerabilities
- 2. Balancing inflation versus growth
- 3. Managing exchange rate adjustment

## **TCX FI Index**

Figure 3. Frontier Markets Debt Taxonomy<sup>10</sup>

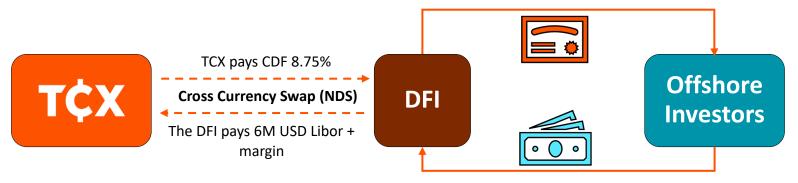
	FRONTIER HARD CURRENCY DEBT	FRONTIER LOCAL CURRENCY DEBT		TCX FRONTIER CURRENCY BOND INDEX
SUB-CATEGORY	HARD CURRENCY DENOMINATED EUROBONDS	LOCAL CURRENCY BONDS	LOCAL CURRENCY LINKED EUROBONDS	LOCAL CURRENCY LINKED EUROBONDS
SETTLEMENTS	HARD CURRENCY EUROCLEAR / CLEARSTREAM	LOCAL CURRENCY	HARD CURRENCY EUROCLEAR/ CLEARSTREAM	HARD CURRENCY EUROCLEAR / CLEARSTREAM
# OF COUNTRIES REPRESENTED	80	87 (INVESTABLE)	43	19
PRICE DYNAMICS	EMD-ALIKE, GLOBAL RISK APPETITE, HIGHER RATING DEPENDENCY	MOSTLY IDIOSYNCRATIC - POLITICAL, LOCAL MACRO	MOSTLY IDIOSYNCRATIC - POLITICAL, LOCAL MACRO	MOSTLY IDIOSYNCRATIC - POLITICAL, LOCAL MACRO
ESTIMATED SIZE ISSUED TO DATE	USD 1.2TN	USD 1.3TN	USD 24.0 BN	USD 1.0 BN
AVERAGE YIELD / DURATION	6.5% / 6.1 YRS	10.4% / 3.6 YRS	9.2% / 3.0 YRS	9.1% / 2.8 YRS
ISSUERS	SOVEREIGN, QUASI- SOV, CORPORATES	SOVEREIGN, DFIS CORPORATES	SOVEREIGN,DFIS CORP PF RELATED	DFIs



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## Pillar 2: Example -Synthetic Note in CDF

- Principal Amount: CDF 39,710,000,000
- Maturity: 14 months
- Interest Rate: CDF 8.75% Actual/365 (Fixed)
- USDCDF Reference Rate: Reuters



• The DFI receives USD 20,000,000 in proceeds